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# CONGRESS TOLD OF PROPAGANDA FOR RED CHINA

## Warned of 'New Line' Affecting U. S.

BY WALTER TROHAN

(Chicago Tribune Press Service)

Washington, June 1—Congress was warned today that a new propaganda line is being developed, supposedly in scholarly circles, for the purpose of keeping the United States on a policy course favorable to communist objectives in China.

The warning was contained in an open letter to members of Congress by Alfred Kohlberg, New York importer and chairman of the American China Policy association, as Senate Democratic Leader Johnson (Tex.) said relaxation of British trade restrictions on Red China means the United States must take a "new look at the entire Chinese trade situation."

The British announcement came as Chinese-American relations were strained by rioting in Formosa. In protest against the freeing of an American army sergeant, who

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had shot and killed a Chinese peeping tom, a Chinese mob attacked the American embassy and Americans.

### Calls for Study

The attack has spurred Sen. Magnuson (D., Wash.) to push for a special senate investigation of the possibility of opening trade with China. Kohlberg said resumption of trade is one of the objectives of the new propaganda line, which he termed the "Maoist line" after Mao Tse Tung, Chinese communist boss.

Johnson said in an interview the "new look at the Chinese situation" will be one of the most pressing problems before Congress in the months ahead. He did not detail what the "new look" will entail, but fellow Democrats assume he was referring to a study of American policy on trade with Red China.

### Charged Red Infiltration

In 1944, Kohlberg, who has been labeled the China lobby in the communist and left wing press, called for investigation, housecleaning and reform of the Institute of Pacific Relations, on charges it was communist infiltrated.

Seven years later Kohlberg's charges were confirmed by an investigation headed by the late Sen. McCarran (D., Nev.). The McCarran committee found "persons associated with the Institute of Pacific Relations were instrumental in keeping United States policy on a course favorable to communist objectives in China."

Now a new six point line is being promoted. The past line was promoted thru I. P. R., Kohlberg said. The new line "seems to have been first published" by CENIS—the Center for International Studies at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Kohlberg said in his open letter. He said CENIS, big business, and other groups were being used by communist influences.

"Somewhere back of the good people of CENIS, of big business, of the senate foreign relations committee, of the Foreign Policy association, and the government advisers," Kohlberg said, "all of whom must be considered the one-eighth of the cold war visible iceberg above water, must be the heart of the communist conspiracy."

The six points of the Maoist line, being promoted in scholarly, business and political circles are, according to Kohlberg:

1. For 2,000 years the Chinese have been in a state of

under the emperor and filial piety in the family.

2. The Chinese like communism and we should not object.

### All Called False

3. Chinese Communism is Taoism direct from Marx-Engles, not via Lenin-Stalin.

4. The Taiping rebellion of 1848-85 was primitive Chinese communism, so that China beat Russia to the Marx-Engles line.

5. Chinese nationalism and Chinese Marxism are not tied to the Kremlin, except superficially.

6. It will be possible to put Formosa under United Nations and United States social scientists and let Red China enter U. N. to establish peaceful but competitive coexistence between the Chinese communists and the Chinese nationalists.

Kohlberg said all six points are false. He said China was totalitarian only from 221 to 206 B. C. under Shih Huang-ti, the only authoritarian rule before MAO.

He said the Taiping rebellion was not communist. He also said it is evident that Red China is tied to Russia, and it will not be possible to achieve peaceful coexistence between Red and nationalist China.

This document is part of an integrated file. If separated from the file it must be subjected to individual systematic review.

### German to Push Trade

Special to The New York Times.

BONN, Germany, June 3—The Federation of German Industries disclosed today that it would send an expert delegation to Peking next autumn to negotiate an unofficial trade agreement with the Chinese Communist Government.

The federation, a quasi-public organization similar to the United States Chamber of Commerce, is acting on an invitation extended by a delegation of Chinese Communist officials that visited West Germany last month.

The invitation was taken up with the expectation that the Government would soon abandon special strategic controls on exports to Communist China.

The federation hopes to work out with the Chinese a set of rules to regulate commerce between the two countries. This amounted to \$90,000,000 last year. West Germany ended the year with a small favorable balance on a volume of trade up by 25 per cent over 1955.

The unofficial trade and payments agreement would serve as

a substitute for a government-to-government arrangement, which is not feasible while the two countries have no diplomatic relations. The federation already negotiated such an agreement with Rumania.